Wanha Monuktja Gapu?

Yäku: Walu:/	nhänhapu			
Baman'birr, yindi wata bunan, ga marrtjinany ŋayi gan monukkurr gapukurr. Yurr ganydjarr-dumurr, boy'yurr				
ga butmaraŋal dharpa ga wäŋa mala. Ga yothu miyapununy, dhawutmaraŋal bala djaw'yurr				
ŋäṇḍi'mirriŋuwal barrkulil wäŋalil. Ga dhäŋur beŋuryi wataŋur, ŋayi yothuny miyapunu ḍawa'-ḍawayurra,	/11			
nhinan dilmay'mayŋura wäŋaŋur.				
Ga bäyŋun ŋayi nhäŋal ŋäṇḏi'mirriŋuny ga gapu moṇuktja. Bala ŋayi mirithinan barrarin. Bala ŋayi				
marrtjinan bala ga nhäŋal mulkurun wäyin. "Way! Wanha monuktja gapu?", bitjarr yothu miyapunu waŋan.				
"Barrkun birrnha monuktja gapu", bitjarr Wetiy' lakaranal. "Nhaku muka?"				
"Ŋarra djäl ŋarra dhu nhäma ŋän̞d̞i'mirriŋuny ŋarraku."				
Time taken: %				
Running record up to page 4 only. Total word count: 298. Total pages of text: 13 Student read pages independently.				
Comprehension Questions circle: Student independently read the whole story / heard the story read to them.				
1. Yolthu winya'yurr?				
2. Wanha miyapunu yothu ga nhina gälumayŋur buthunaraw?				
3. Nhaku gälumayyu ga ditthurr guya gapuŋur?				
4. Nhä wiripuny nhe ga nhäma gapuŋur?				
5. Nhathinya <u>n</u> inydjiya				

✓	Dhunupa lakaram correct	tick every correct word	✓ ✓ dhuwal watu
wuŋgan	Yaka dhunupa	write the substituted word above	✓ wuŋgan
wa<u>t</u>u	lakaram substitution	the text	dhuwal wa<u>t</u>u
watu	Witjarr'yurr dhäruk	cross out the word or part of	✓
Wa<u>t</u>u	word left out	word left out	dhuwal wa<u>t</u>u
۸	Nhanukuŋ dhäruk	write the extra word and an	✓ yindipuy
	mu <u>l</u> kurrpuy insertion	arrow	dhuwal^ wa <u>t</u> u
	Birrka'yun ŋayi	write each attempt above the	✓ w-aaa
	attempt	word	dhuwal wa <u>t</u> u
R	Bulu ŋayi lakaram	write R above the repeated words	✓R ✓R
11	repetition		dhuwal wa <u>t</u> u
	Marŋgikunhamirriy	write T beside the word teacher	√ T
Т	guŋga'yurr teacher	told / helped with	dhuwal wa <u>t</u> u
	helped / told word	told / Helped With	anawai wa <u>t</u> a
	Ŋayipi dhunupakuŋal	write ✓SC after the self-corrected	√
✓SC	self-correction	word	wuŋgan/SC √
	3611 3011 3011	99 OT G	dhuwal wa <u>t</u> u

Comments			

Beginning to read	Developing	More Competent
Reading behaviours:		

□ shy or worried □ held book up the right way and turned pages from front to back □ follow print with finger from left to right and top to bottom □ talked about the pictures	 □ happy to try □ pointed and read word by word (1:1 correspondence) □ read slowly □ re-read to get fluency □ tried to use expression □ tried to use punctuation 	☐ confident ☐ read fluently (like speaking) ☐ read with expression ☐ used punctuation to read with expression
When this reader came to new words	they mostly:	
□ stopped and waited for teacher help □ used picture cue	□ used first letter or syllable to guess □ sounded the whole word out □ segmented e.g. buku/ŋur	☐ used syllables to sound word out ☐ missed the word but read on ☐ questioned themselves about the sound letters make or the word they think it is
Comprehension:		
☐ used the pictures to work out meaning	☐ used pictures to help understand☐ re-read when lost meaning☐ self-corrected	☐ paused, re-read, read on or slowed down to clarify meaning ☐ self-corrected easily
☐ answered questions orally ☐ showed some comprehension of the story through their answers to questions	☐ read and wrote answers to questions with support ☐ showed comprehension of the story through answers	☐ read and wrote answers to questions independently ☐ showed good comprehension of the story through detailed answers

Comprehension Questions (Teacher reference only)

Q	What it assesses	English translation	Possible answer
1	Find the main point in the text	Who became lost in the story?	Miyapunu yothu (the baby turtle)
2	Find a fact (when, why, or how something happened as stated in the text)	Where did the turtle sit on to fly on the pelican?	Oiltjigur (on its back)
3	Infer, deduce or conclude information from facts and explain reasoning	Why was the pelican catching fish in the water?	Lukanharaw (to eat)
4	Connect the story to personal experience or broader learning on topic	What else can you see in the water?	EG: nyoka, maranydjalk, maga' etc (any other than miyapunu, guya already in the story)
5	Understand new words	Describe <u>ninydjiya</u>	Mangroves / floodplain country Student could describe using YM