Rirrakay Mala Diltjipuy

Yäku: Name	Walu:// Date	Ditja: Teacher	Nhänhapuy djorra' / Bäyŋu nhä Text: Seen / Unseen	inhapuy djorra'	
"Ŋ, ŋ, ŋ," bitjan ŋı	uli ga wa <u>n</u> 'kurrany wa	ŋa. "Ŋarrany yindi	i djäl ganguriw nyaŋ'thunaraw."	/13	
"Mu, mu, mu," bitj	jan ŋuli ga murryilnyd	ja waŋa.		/8	
"Ŋarrany yindi djäl ŋathaw maŋutjiw nyaŋ'thunaraw." /			/6		
"Nyo-o-o," bitjan ŋuli ga wärraŋdja nyowyun. "Ŋarrany yindi djäl djandaw nyaŋ'thunaraw." /1^				/11	
"Moo-o-o," bitjan ŋuli ga detuŋdja waŋa. "Ŋarrany yindi djäl mulmuw nyaŋ'thunaraw." /1			/11		
Time taken: % /49					
-	page 1-4 only. Total wo	ord count: 277. Toto	al pages of text: 21.		
Comprehension Qu	iestions circle: Student i	ndependently read i	the whole story / heard the story read to	them.	
1. Nhäpuy dhuwal dhäwu?					
2. Nhaliy ŋuli ga	2. Nhaliy ŋuli ga warrakan' dhu ganguriny nyaŋ'thun?				
3. Nhaltjan ŋuli muthali'nydja wäkwak maŋutji märram djinawa gapuŋur?					
4. Nhaku nhe djäl yindi nyaŋ'thunaraw wäŋaŋur?					
5. Yol ŋuli ga rirrakay <i>nyowyundja</i> ?					
Nhäthinya dhuwal <i>wäkwaknydja yaŋara'?</i>					
Nhäthinya <i>dhalpiny</i> ?					
✓ Dhunupa laka correct wungan Yaka dhunupa	ram tick every correct w	vord dhuwal	✓ wa <u>t</u> u /uŋgan		

	CONTECC		
wuŋgan	Yaka dhunupa	write the substituted word above	🗸 wuŋgan
wa<u>t</u>u	lakaram substitution	the text	dhuwal wa<u>t</u>u
wa<u>t</u>u	Witjarr'yurr dhäruk	cross out the word or part of	\checkmark
	word left out	word left out	dhuwal wa<u>t</u>u
۸	Nhanukuŋ dhäruk	write the extra word and an	🖌 yindipuy 🗸
N	mulkurrpuy insertion	arrow	dhuwal^ waṯu
	Birrka'yun ŋayi	write each attempt above the	🗸 w-aaa
	attempt	word	dhuwal wa <u>t</u> u
R	Bulu ŋayi lakaram	with Dishara the management	✓R ✓R
	repetition	write R above the repeated words	dhuwal wa <u>t</u> u
Т	Marŋgikunhamirriy	write T beside the word teacher	. т
	guŋga'yurr teacher		• I
	helped / told word	told / helped with	dhuwal wa <u>t</u> u
			\checkmark
✓SC	Nayipi dhunupakunal	write ✓ SC after the self-corrected	wuŋgan/SC✔
	self-correction	word	dhuwal watu

Comments		

Beginning to read	Developing	More Competent			
Reading behaviours:					
 shy or worried held book up the right way and turned pages from front to back follow print with finger from left to right and top to bottom talked about the pictures 	 happy to try pointed and read word by word (1:1 correspondence) read slowly re-read to get fluency tried to use expression tried to use punctuation 	 confident read fluently (like speaking) read with expression used punctuation to read with expression 			
When this reader came to new words they mostly:					
□ stopped and waited for teacher help □ used picture cue	 used first letter or syllable to guess sounded the whole word out segmented e.g. buku/ŋur 	 used syllables to sound word out missed the word but read on questioned themselves about the sound letters make or the word they think it is 			
Comprehension:					
□ used the pictures to work out meaning	 used pictures to help understand re-read when lost meaning self-corrected 	 paused, re-read, read on or slowed down to clarify meaning self-corrected easily 			
 answered questions orally showed some comprehension of the story through their answers to questions 	 read and wrote answers to questions with support showed comprehension of the story through answers 	 read and wrote answers to questions independently showed good comprehension of the story through detailed answers 			

Comprehension Questions (Teacher reference only)

Q	What it assesses	English translation	Possible answer
1	Find the main point in the text	What is this story about?	rirrakay ga ŋatha mala (sounds and food)
2	Find a fact (when, why, or how something happened as stated in the text)	Which animal likes to eat bush yams?	wanႍ'kurra (the bandicoot)
3	Infer, deduce or conclude information from facts and explain reasoning	How do you think the duck gets the waterlily roots from the water?	lup-lupthun (by swimming)
4	Connect the story to personal experience or broader learning on topic	What do you like to eat at home?	Eg: vegies-gu ga djikingu (vegies and chicken)
5	Understand new words	Who howls (<i>nyowyun)?</i> Describe <i>wäkwak yaŋara'?</i> Describe <i>dhalpi</i> ?	Wärraŋ ga nyowyun (dingos howl). Wäkwak yaŋara' is the stem of the waterlily. Dhalpi are the black berries from cabbage palm (student may describe in YM).