

Language Analysis		Text: Yolŋu Ḷarruŋal Ṇathaw		Teachers:		Date:	
Analysis of the text	Nouns	Pronouns		Verbs (doing words)	Adjectives and Adverbs (describing words)	Conjunctions (joining words)	
	<p>People yolŋu (people) ḍirramu (boy/man)</p> <p>Places wäŋa (home) ḍiltji (bush)</p> <p>Things ŋatha (food) bäpi (snake) dhakal (bunch) dharpa (tree)</p>	<p>ŋarra (I, me) ŋayi (he, she, it)</p>	<p>Pronoun forms nhanŋu (his, hers, it's) ŋanya (him, her, object of action) ŋanya/pinya (to himself) ŋarraku (mine)</p>	<p>Primary djäl (want, like) ga (present cont.) gorru'-kurrum (hanging, plural) ḷuka (eat)</p> <p>Secondary dhu (will, should)</p> <p>Tertiary barrarin (felt scared) bumar (hit, collected) dhawar (finished) gan (past cont.) gorru'-kurruŋal (hung, plural) gulkthurra (cut/snapped off) ḷarruŋal (searched) marrtjin / marrtjinan/y (went) nhäŋal / nhäŋala (saw) ŋal'yurr (climbed up) waṇḍinan (ran) waŋanan (said) yupthurr (climbed down)</p> <p>Quarternary märranha (collected) waṇḍinya (run)</p>	<p>bäyŋu (none, nothing) bondi (quickly) mala (group of, plural) mirithinan (strongly) yan (only)</p>	<p>bala (then) bili (because) bulu (more, then) ga (and) yurr (furthermore, but)</p>	

		Questions Words	Demonstratives	Time Words	Genre (text type)
			balayin (that one) bitjarr (like this, past tense) dhuwandja (this) ŋunhi (that, there, which) ŋurikiyi (of that, not far) ya (exclamation)		Narrative
Word study for the unit	Sounds/ Rirrakay	Syllables/ Djilabul	Sight Words	Suffixes	Punctuation
	e.g. initial sounds, focus sounds	e.g. initial syllables, focus syllables	Words to focus on and learn from the text	-lil / lila (to, towards) -n / -ny /-nydja / -nha (emphasis) -ŋur (on, at, in) -puy (about) -thin/any (became) -w (for, possessive) -y	, ""