

Language Analysis		Text: Rirrakay Mala Diltjipuy		Teachers:		Date:	
Analysis of the text	Nouns		Pronouns		Verbs (doing words)	Adjectives and Adverbs (describing words)	Conjunctions (joining words)
	rirrakay (sound)	detuŋ (buffalo)	ŋarra (I)	Pronoun forms	Primary djäl (like, want) nyowyun (howl) waŋa (say) ga (present continuous)	bawala (any) mala (group of, plural) maŋuŋtji (seed / root) nyumukuŋiny' (small) yaŋara' (stem) yindi (really, big)	
	diltji (bush)	garkman (green frog)					
	<u>Natha (Food)</u>	getkit (tern)					
	gudurrku (brolga)	gurrumattji (magpie)					
	borum (fruit)	goose)					
	detj (grasshopper)	goose)					
	dhalpi (black berries from cabbage palm)	latjlatj (northern rosella)					
	djanda (goanna)	marrŋu' (possum)	Questions Words	Demonstratives	Time Words	Genre (text type)	
	ganguri (bush yams)	murryil (Torres Strait pigeon)		bitjan (like this)		Narrative	
gäŋa (wild passionfruit)	pigeon)		ŋuli (usually)				
mirriya' (blue crabs)	muthali' (duck)			Suffixes			
mulmu (grass)	ŋerrk (sulphur crested cockatoo)			-puy (about / belonging to, originating from)			
munydjutj (wild green plum)	ratjuk (barramundi)			-ny / -tja / -dja / -nydja (focus – added to the animal in this story)			
nyiknyik (mouse)	wäk (Torresian crow)			-gu / -ku / -wu / -w (object of djäl – added to the food they like)			
ŋarirri' (fish)	wämut (wedge-tailed eagle)			-mirri (with, having, full of; makes adjective from noun)			
ŋathu (cycad nut)	waŋ'kurra (bandicoot)						
räkay (water chestnut)	wärraŋ (dingo)						
wäkwak (waterlily)	warrnyu' (little reddish fruit bat)						
wurru <u>u</u> ' (flies)	wopulu (black shouldered kite)						
<u>Animals</u>	worr'wurr (owl)						
bäru (crocodile)	wurrpaŋ' (emu)						
damala (white-breasted sea eagle)							

Word study for the unit

Sounds/ Rirrakay

e.g. initial sounds, focus sounds

Syllables/ Djilabul

e.g. initial syllables,
focus syllables

Sight Words

Words to focus on and
learn from the text

Punctuation