

Language Analysis		Text: <u>Loju</u>		Teachers:		Date:
Analysis of the text	Nouns	Pronouns		Verbs (doing words)	Adjectives and Adverbs (describing words)	Conjunctions (joining words)
	<p>People yolŋu (person/people) yolŋu'-yulŋu (people)</p> <p>Places wäŋa (house) loju (house)</p> <p>Things wäŋa/ŋur or /lil (house) loju/ny (house) dharpa/w/nha or /ny (tree, log) ŋarŋga/n (hole) näku/n (gaḍayka bark used for building, painting etc)</p>	walal (they)	Pronoun forms	<p>Tertiary (past tense) gan (past continuous) gulkthurr/nydja (chopped) yaw'yurr (dug) nhina-nhinan (sat) marrtjin (went) djatthurr (chopped) nhirrpä'nhirrpara (put) gondhaŋal (picked up) gäŋal (carried) djäma (made, built, did) dhawar'maraŋal (finished) dhathar'yurra (moved)</p> <p>Quarternary mälakmaranha/ra/w (for/ laying sideways) djatthuna/ra/w (for/ chopping)</p>	wiripu/ny (some, other) wiyi'-wiyin/gu (long) mala (group of) goŋ-waŋgany ga waŋgany-bäythinyawuy (six – lit five and one spare) bulu (more, again) lurrkun' (three) yuṭa/lila (new)	ga bala/n
		Questions Words	Demonstratives	Time Words	Genre (text type)	
			<p>ŋuriki/yin (for that, there) ŋunhi/yi (if, when) dhuwal (this)</p>	beŋur/yiny (then, from that)	Narrative	
Word study for the unit	Sounds/ Rirrakay	Syllables/ Djilabul	Sight Words	Suffixes	Punctuation	
	e.g. initial sounds, focus sounds	e.g. initial syllables, focus syllables	Words to focus on and learn from the text	<p>-ny (emphasis) -ŋur (on, at, in) -w (for) -gu (for) -nydja (emphasis) -nha (emphasis) -lil / -lila (towards a place) -yi / yin / yiny (emphasis)</p>	<p>,</p> <p>.</p>	