Miny'tji Limurruŋ This running record is for the foreword passage by Daŋataŋa on page 2

<b>Yäk</b> Nam	u: Walu:// Ditja: Nhänhapuy djorra' / Bäyŋu djorra'  Date Teacher Text: Seen / Unseen	nhänhapuy			
М	iny'tji Limurruŋ	/2			
-	Daŋataŋawuŋ	/1			
Yo. Dhuwal dhu ŋarra gurrupan dhäwu miny'tjipuy, miny'tji ŋalitjalaŋ, Dhuwa ga Yirritja					
miny'tji. Miny'tji ŋayi ŋalitjalaŋ ga ŋorra, gamunuŋgu, djalkiri, wäŋaŋur mala ŋarakaŋur, ga					
bulu ŋayi li miny'tji buku- <u>l</u> aw'maram ŋali bäpurruŋur, ga bulu ŋayi miny'tji ga ŋorra ŋunha					
m	anikayŋur ŋalitjalaŋ. Dhuwaliy mala ŋalitjalaŋ <u>l</u> uku miny'tji ŋunhi ŋali li buku-dhawa <u>t</u> maram.	/11			
G	a yindi ŋunha Ŋärraŋur. Dhuwaŋur Yirritjaŋur Ŋärraŋur, miny'tji ŋayi ga ŋorra. Ga nhämuny'	/13			
ŋalitjalaŋ riŋgitj miny'tji wäŋaŋur mala, ŋunhi ŋalitjalaŋ ga miny'tji maŋutji-lakaram ŋalitjalaŋ					
DI	nuwaw ga Yirritjaw. Balanya. Warrpam' ŋayi dhuwali ŋayi ga gungam miny'tjinydja wanha	/12			
ŋc	ıyi miny'tji gapuŋur, gumurruŋur wäŋaŋur wo ŋayi garramat gäpa <u>l</u> alyu ga ŋayatham ŋanyan	/12			
maŋandhu Dhuway Yirrijtay.					
Dhuwali ŋalitjalaŋ miny'tjiny. Ga ŋunha munathay. Balanya. Dhuwaw ga Yirritjaw.					
Tir	me taken: %	/113			
Comprehension Questions  Please indicate:					
1.	Wanhal miny'tji ga ŋorra?				
2. Yolthu gurrupan dhuwal dhäwu?					
3.	3. Nhaku nhe ŋuli märram miny'tji?				
4.	Nhäthinya Dhuwal <i>Ŋärra'</i> .				
	✓ Dhunupa lakaram tick every correct word dhunushyotu Comments				

dhuwal wa<u>t</u>u

dhuwal <del>wa<u>t</u>u</del>

✓ wungan

write the substituted word above

Yaka dhunupa

lakaram substitution

wuŋgan

watu	Witjarr'yurr dhäruk	cross out the word or part of	<b>√</b>
wa <u>t</u> a	word left out	word left out	dhuwal <del>wa<u>t</u>u</del>
۸	Nhanukuŋ dhäruk	write the extra word and an	✓ yindipuy
	mu <u>l</u> kurrpuy insertion	arrow	dhuwal^ wa <u>t</u> u
	Birrka'yun ŋayi	write each attempt above the	✓ w-aaa
	attempt	word	dhuwal wa <u>t</u> u
R	Bulu ŋayi lakaram	write R above the repeated words	<b>√</b> R <b>√</b> R
	repetition		dhuwal wa <u>t</u> u
	Marŋgikunhamirriy	write T beside the word teacher	<b>√</b> T
T	gunga'yurr teacher	told / helped with	dhuwal watu
	helped / told word	tola / Helpea With	anawar wa <u>t</u> u
	Nayipi dhunupakunal	write ✓SC after the self-corrected	✓
✓SC	self-correction	word	wuŋgan/SC✓
	33 33 33	******	dhuwal watu

Beginning to read	Developing	More Competent	
Reading behaviours:			
☐ shy or worried ☐ held book up the right way and turned pages from front to back	☐ happy to try ☐ pointed and read word by word (1:1 correspondence)	□ confident □ read fluently (like speaking)	
☐ follow print with finger from left to right and top to bottom ☐ talked about the pictures	☐ read slowly ☐ re-read to get fluency ☐ tried to use expression ☐ tried to use punctuation	☐ read with expression ☐ used punctuation to read with expression	
When this reader came to new words they mostly:			
□ stopped and waited for teacher help □ used picture cue	□ used first letter or syllable to guess □ sounded the whole word out □ segmented e.g. buku/ŋur	☐ used syllables to sound word out ☐ missed the word but read on ☐ questioned themselves about the sound letters make or the word they think it is	
Comprehension:			
☐ used the pictures to work out meaning	<ul><li>☐ used pictures to help understand</li><li>☐ re-read when lost meaning</li><li>☐ self-corrected</li></ul>	☐ paused, re-read, read on or slowed down to clarify meaning ☐ self-corrected easily	
☐ answered questions orally ☐ showed some comprehension of the story through their answers to questions	☐ read and wrote answers to questions with support ☐ showed comprehension of the story through answers	☐ read and wrote answers to questions independently ☐ showed good comprehension of the story through detailed answers	

## Comprehension Questions (Teacher reference only)

Q	What it assesses	English translation	Possible answer
1	Find the main point in the text	Where does miny'tji lie?	Gamunungu, djalkiri, wänanur mala narakanur, bäpurrukurr, manikaynur nalitjalan. (In our ancestral designs, ancestral foundation, homelands, across clan groups and songlines) Närranur. (In the big Närra ceremony) Gapunur, gumurrunur wänanur. (In the water, in the land) Gäpalalnur / mayannur (In the clouds)
2	Find a fact (when, why, or how something happened as stated in the text)	Who gave this story?	Daŋataŋa (Danny)
3	Connect the story to personal experience or broader learning on topic	What do you usually get miny'tji for?	EG: buŋgulwu, bidi'yunaraw (eg: for ceremony, painting)
4	Understand new words	Describe <i>Ŋärra'</i>	Describe <i>Närra'</i> (students should do so in YM)